#### List of Birds from Durian.

By H. C. Siebers (Buitenzorg Museum).

(The species with an asterisk were obtained).

## Accipitres.

- 1. Accipiter gularis Temm et Schleg. A young male shot the 16th Nov. A migrant.
- 2. Haliastur intermedius Gurn. A specimen once seen above sea (10th Nov.).
- 3. Haliaetus leucogaster Gm. This bird was observed on the island a few times (Nov.).
- 4. Pernis orientalis Tacz. Some birds of prey were seen in November above our camp and in the valley behind it. Sometimes one specimen was observed but often four together. They did not make a daily appearance so probably they were migratory birds, in which case Pernis orientalis only may be considered. But once the cry of a bird like Spizaetus was heard; possibly both species occur on the island.

# Striges.

 Nearly every evening and during the night the note of an owl, sounding like "oo-hoop", was heard. This sound is most probably of Ninox scutulata RAFFL, already recorded by HARTERT from Lingga.

#### Alcedinidae.

- 6. Pelargopsis gurial Pears. (Rhamphalcyon capensis Pears.). Twice a specimen was observed near the coast (10th and 17th Nov.).
- \* 7. Halcyon pileatus Bodd. A male shot in the mangrove wood on the 15th Nov.
- \* 8. Alcedo bengalensis Gm. Two specimens were once seen in November along the creek in the mangrove wood.

## Bucerotidae.

9. Anthracoceros convexus Temm. In June rather abundant; three specimens shot. In November a few only were seen in the mangrove wood but the peculiar noise of these birds was heard daily in the big valley behind our camp.

#### Cuculidae.

10. Eudynamis honorata L. The only cuckoo on the island; the cry. of this species was often noticed in the mangrove wood.

# Caprimulgidae.

11. Caprimulgus affinis Horsf. On the 9th November while aboard the steamer this bird was heard on the shore. Also in the evening a Caprimulgus was observed a few times near our tent.

# Cypselidae.

- 12. Micropus pacificus Lath: Seen in November; a migrant.
- 13. Micropus subfurcatus BLYTH.\* This swift also was observed, more abundant than: the fore-going species.
- 14. Collocalia spec. True swifts were often noticed, especially when swarms of termites came out.
- \* 15. Macropteryx comata TEMM. Rather common; found in numbers in the mangrove wood.

#### Psittacidae.

\* 16. Palaeornis longicauda Bodd. An adult and a young female collected in June. In November not numerous.

#### Picidae.

- \* 17. Jyngipicus auritus Eyton. A single male shot in Nov. The bird was busy making a hole in a pile put in the sea near the kampong Jora.
- \* 18. Tiga javanensis Ljungh. A Q obtained in June. In November the species was heard only.
- \* 19. Chrysocalaptes guttacristatus Tick. One female collected in June and one male in November.
- \* 20. Thriponax javensis Horsf. We got one of only in June; in November this bird was neither seen nor heard.

## Meropidae.

\* 21. Merops philippinus L. A migratory bird;; numerous specimens in November.

#### Coraciidae.

22. Eurystomus calonyx Hodgs. As this bird was observed in November only, it was most probably a migrant, in which case they belong to the subspecies calonyx.

#### Dicruridae.

\* 23. Dissemurus paradiseus L. (D. platurus Vieill.). In June rather abundant; six specimens collected. In November a few only were seen.

#### Campophagidae.

\* 24. Artamides sumatrensis S. Müll. Both in June and November one male was shot; in the last-mentioned month no more than two specimens were noticed.

# Muscicapidae.

\* 25. Hypothymis azurea Bodd. Not numerous but collected in June and November. Belongs after Stresemann (Nov. Zool. XX p. 294) to the subspecies prophata Oberh.

\* 26. Terpsiphone incii Gould. Two young Paradise Flycatchers obtained in November are brought to this species. The bills are a great deal smaller than those of affinis represented in our collection, agreeing in this respect with an adult of of princeps and a young specimen of princeps or incii from the Lampongs, S. Sumatra.

\* 27. Siphia rufigastra Raffl. Unfortunately only a male was shot in June; not seen in November. This bird looks very much like S. banyumas but the back of the female is blue and not olive as in

last-named species.

#### Turdidae.

\* 28. Phylloscopus borealis Blas. A migratory bird, fairly numerous in November, but one specimen only (Q) obtained.

### Timeliidae,

- \* 29. Pycnonotus plumosus Blyth. Not abundant, but occurring everywhere.
- \* 30. Pycnonotus simplex Less. Like the fore-going species, probably somewhat more numerous. Brought to simplex all specimens having a creamy white iris.
- \* 31. Copsychus musicus Raffl. A few only were seen in November.
- \* 32. Cittocincla tricolor V. Collected in June and November. Not numerous, at least in November.
- \* 33. Orthotomus ruficeps Less. One specimen obtained in June (3).
- \* 34. Orthotomus cineraceus Blyth. Once seen and collected in November in the mangrove wood.
  - 35. Turdinus sepiarius Horsf. (?) On the 18th November a small flock of 3 or 4 specimens was observed in the low shrubs near the shore. They looked very like the Javanese sepiarius.

#### Laniidae.

\* 36. Lanius tigrinus Drap. A young Q of this migratory bird was shot in November.

### Nectariniidae.

- \* 37. Chalcostetha insignis Temm. Observed in the mangrove wood only. Not numerous.
- \* 38. Aethopyga siparaja RAFFL. Fairly abundant in the neighbourhood of the mangrove wood.
- \* 39. Cinnyris hasselti TEMM. A pair obtained in June; not seen in November.

\* 40. Anthothreptes malaccensis Scop. Not rare near our camp and in the cocoanut-palms along the beach.

## Dicaeidae.

- \* 41. Dicaeum cruentatum L. Fairly numerous near our camp where fruit trees with Loranthus were abundant.
- \* 42. Dicaeum trigonostigma Scop. One male only obtained in November. Not abundant.

#### Hirundinidae.

- 43. Chelidon dasypus Bp. On the 16th November a few specimens of a migratory swallow were observed above the valley, which were thought to be this species.
- 44. Hirundo gutturalis Scop. This bird of passage was seen in small numbers only.
- 45. Hirundo javanica Sparrm. A few observed near the native village.

## Sturnidae.

- \* 46. Gracula (Eulabes) javana Cuv. A fairly common bird on the island. In June 3 specimens were shot; in November not a single one came within range. At that time several were seen on the wing, always in pairs.
- \* 47. Calornis chalybea Horse. In November a couple were shot from a small flock as it came to pass the night in a cocoanut palm. In daytime the species was never noticed.

### Ploceidae.

48. Munia spec. On the 18th November, shortly before our departure, two Munia's were observed near our camp. As their backs were very dark they probably belonged to the species maja or atricapilla.

#### Pittidae.

- \* 49. Pitta cyanoptera Temm. In November a female was shot at the edge of the mangrove wood.
- \* 50. Pitta megarhyncha Schleg. A male bird obtained in June near our camp.

# Columbate.

- 51. Treron spec. Sometimes a green pigeon was observed, probably Treron vernans L.
- 52. Carpophaga spec. Fruit Pigeons were not abundant. Now or then a single specimen came flying over; possibly it was C. aenea or rosacea.

## Charadriidae.

\* 53. Tringoides hypoleucus L. Only two examples were noticed.

# Rallidae.

54. Amaurornis phoenicura Forst. The 14th. November a single specimen was observed on the grassy plain near our camp. The bird retired immediately into the mangrove wood.

## Ardeae.

55. Butorides javanicus Horsf. In June a specimen was seen on the muddy beach at kampong Jora.

56. Demiegretta sacra GN. The 18th. November a white heron, in all probability this species, was seen on a pile in the sea near the native village.